**UNIT 3 REVIEW**

1. **Alcohol is a** 
   1. Drug
   2. Medicine
   3. Hallucinogen
   4. Stimulant
2. **The most common penalty for a first-time conviction of DUI is**
   1. Payment of a fine
   2. Time in prison
   3. Driver’s license suspension
   4. Vehicle impoundment
3. **A person’s inhibitions are**
   1. Restrictions imposed by laws
   2. Behaviors of the highly intelligent
   3. Inner forces of personality that hold back impulsive behavior
   4. Unrestrained emotional behavior
4. **The most accurate way to determine a person’s level of intoxication is to**
   1. Watch the person drink for an hour and compare behavior before and after drinking
   2. See if the person can pass a coordination test
   3. Look at the person’s eyes to see if they are glassy
   4. Determine the person’s blood alcohol concentration (BAC)
5. **The only sure way to reduce the body’s BAC and the degree of impairment is to**
   1. Take a cold shower
   2. Wait the necessary time the body needs to eliminate the alcohol
   3. Handle a sudden emergency
   4. Consume several cups of black coffee
6. **What effect might a cold medicine have on a driver who has been drinking?**
   1. Increased drowsiness and poor judgment
   2. No noticeable effect
   3. A clearer head for driving
   4. Similar to taking a stimulant
7. **Alcohol is a(n)**
   1. Stimulant, not a depressant
   2. Hallucinogen
   3. Inhibitor, not a relaxant
   4. Depressant, not a stimulant
8. **Prescription drugs taken in combination with alcoholic beverages**
   1. Will tend to have their effects cancelled by the effect of alcohol
   2. Will cause trouble only if a person drinks excessively
   3. Can be very dangerous
   4. Can cause trouble unless a licensed physician prescribed the drug
9. **A person must have a BAC of at least 0.08% to be charged with**
   1. Driving while drinking
   2. Driving under the influence (DUI)
   3. Driving in the possession of alcohol
   4. Driving hammered
10. **What do police measure to determine a person’s level of intoxication?**
    1. Power of coordination
    2. Blood-pressure level
    3. Power of concentration
    4. Blood alcohol concentration (BAC)
11. **People confronted with negative peer pressure often find it difficult to**
    1. Understand the consequences of decisions
    2. Identify the negative side effects
    3. Make decisions affecting only you
    4. Say no without the fear of hurting others
12. **A left front tire blows out. Unless you control the vehicle, what will probably happen?**
    1. You will slide in a straight line
    2. Your vehicle will pull toward the shoulder
    3. Your vehicle will pull to the left
    4. Your vehicle will sway from left to right
13. **In case of a blowout, which procedure is incorrect?**
    1. Brake gently after the vehicle is under control
    2. Slow down an pull off onto the shoulder
    3. Brake immediately to avoid tire damage
    4. Grip the steering wheel firmly
14. **If you must leave the roadway at high speeds, you should**
    1. Apply the brakes as hard as possible
    2. Drop to the floor
    3. Search for an open zone
    4. Head toward oncoming moving objects
15. **An insurance policy is the** 
    1. Amount of bond posted to prove that you are financially secure
    2. Amount paid for insurance coverage
    3. Claim made after a collision
    4. Contract between a vehicle owner and an insurance company
16. **When total steering failure occurs, you first should**
    1. Brake immediately
    2. Shift to a lower gear
    3. Apply the parking brake
    4. Communicate your emergency to others using your horn and emergency flashers
17. **A deductible clause in an insurance policy is** 
    1. Equal to the vehicle’s present value
    2. Coverage for medical costs if you are at fault in a collision
    3. A protection to the policyholder
    4. The amount the policyholder pays for damages
18. **What should you carry in your vehicle in the event of a fuel, oil, grease, electrical, or ordinary combustible fire?**
    1. A water bottle
    2. Fire extinguisher
    3. A box of salt
    4. Sand
19. **The first action to take when making an off-road recovery is to**
    1. Hold the steering wheel firmly
    2. Steer back sharply
    3. Slow to 5 or 10 mph
    4. Signal your intentions
20. **While driving at 50 mph, you have a blowout of the left rear tire. Your first reaction should be to** 
    1. Handle the blowout like a skid
    2. Turn off the ignition
    3. Brake hard
    4. Steer off the roadway quickly